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00:00:00,000 --> 00:00:04,000  
(Music)

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00:00:04,000 --> 00:00:09,000  
Hello, I am Justin Maki and I am the engineering camera lead for the Mars Science Laboratory mission

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00:00:09,000 --> 00:00:14,000  
and a member of the MSL science camera team and this is your Curiosity rover report.

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00:00:14,000 --> 00:00:17,000  
The rover has been investigating the Yellowknife bay area

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as part of an effort to pick the exact location of our first drill activity on Mars.

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The images being returned by Curiosity show a diverse collection of

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interesting features, including sedimentary rocks, pebbles, cracks, nodules, and veins.

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The vein features are seen as a bright white material,

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and we see them just about everywhere we look in Yellowknife bay.

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The ChemCam instrument has found that these veins contain elevated levels of calcium sulfate,

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likely in the form of bassanite or gypsum.

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Gypsum veins are also seen here on Earth and

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associated with water percolating through

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cracks and fractured rocks.

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The exciting news from all of this analysis is a candidate site

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where Curiosity will conduct its first drilling activity.

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00:01:03,000 --> 00:01:07,000

This site is located only a few meters away from the rover's current location

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and lies in a flat area, suitable for drilling.

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The team hopes to drill directly into one of the veins

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00:01:12,000 --> 00:01:16,000

and place the powder into the SAM and ChemMin analytical instruments.

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These instruments will give us detailed information about the composition of the material.

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We'll be driving over there in the next few days.

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On our way over to the drill site, we're planning on using the rover's wheels

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to crush some of the nearby veins and examine the freshly broken material.

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This image from Sol 135 shows an example of how the rover can break open

